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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

A fleet of about seventy warship will be assembled in a few days at Fort Monroe. —— Hospital ship Relief, with sick and wounded soldiers from Ponce, P. R., arrived at New York; ten deaths from typhoid fever occurred on the voyage; total number of cases on board, 167. —— Bradstreet reports continued activity in distributive trade West and South. —— The Spanish government contends that the capitulation of Manila, after the signing of the peace protocol, shall not affect the peace negotiations and does not entail surrender of the whole of the Philippines. —— All indications are that the peace negotiations will be prolonged. —— Over two thousand Spanish prisoners left Santiago yesterday for Spain. —— A private of the Twenth-fifth negro infantry, at Hampton, Ga., who attempted to shoot a citizen, was shot and killed. —— Five children were drowned by a cloud-burst in Pennsylvania. —— Marion Butler, in a speech at a Populist gathering in Texas, declared that hereafter there will be no fusion with either of the old parties. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 1½@1½ per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton easy—middling uplands 5½c; flour moderately active, but weak and lower to sell; wheat—spot steady, No 2 red 78½c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 36½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 19.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 80 deg.; 8 P.M., 79 deg.; maximum, 86 deg.; minimum, 76 deg.; mean, 81 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .01; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 3.40 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Showers have occurred in all districts but Charleston, with high temperature in the Eastern section. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Tuscumbia, Ala., 2.50; Spartanburg, S. C., 1.74.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The barometer has fallen sharply throughout the upper Lake region and the extreme Northwest, where a low pressure area is central to-night. The barometer has risen over the central valleys and South Atlantic Coast States. It is highest off the coast of South Carolina. Showers have occurred during the day in the Atlantic and Gulf States, and were heavy in Western North Carolina, Florida and the New England States. Cloudy and unsettled weather, with lower temperature, prevails to-night in the same districts. Over the central valleys and the Western districts the weather is generally clear and warmer. It is decidedly warmer than on last evening in the upper Lake region and in Nebraska.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Showers; variable winds.

Port Almanac--Aug. 20,

Sun Rises	5.21 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.45 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 24 M.
High Water at Southport	9.30 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	12.00 P. M.

When Governor Russell receives that penitentiary report we trust that he will duly announce its arrival.

Before the European powers get through with China the Emperor shold try to make arrangements by which he will be permitted to retain a garden patch.

As flag raisers the Southern boys are in it. It was a Southern boy who raised the first American flag in Cuba, and Lieut. Brumby, another Southern boy, raised the flag over Manila.

Some of the Spanish papers mourn because the United States have reduced Spain to a second rate power. They rate Spain rather high, for she wasn't more than a fourth rate power. They may be thankful, however, that the United States didn't reduce her to pulp.

In 1880 we imported $71,266,699 worth of manufactures of iron and steel, and exported $14,716,524 worth. In the fiscal year 1897-98, we imported $12,615,913 worth and exported $70,367,527 worth. But our manufacturers still need "protection" from foreign competition.

Every vote cast in the coming election for the Democratic ticket will be a vote for white supremacy. Every vote cast for the Republican ticket, or for a Fusion ticket supported by Republicans, will be a vote for the negro party. No man can dispute the proposition that any party that receives the support of 120,000 negro voters is essentially a negro party.

Every white man should understand that in voting for Dockery for Congress he votes for a Republican who has accepted a nomination on a gold platform, and that the Republican party in the Sixth Congressional District is composed of about fourteen thousand negroes and one thousand white men. Every white man should remember, too, that Dockery has repeatedly voted for negroes in preference to white men for office, in one election supporting a disreputable negro rather than vote for a one-legged Confederate soldier of irreproachable character.

According to the Louisburg *Times* the order of United Workmen of America was founded by John J. Upchurch, now dead, a native of Franklin county, who located in Meadville, Pa., in 1866, and worked in a machine shop. It was organized in 1868 and now numbers a membership of 360,000 men. Last year it paid to beneficiaries $8,145,488.

The Kentucky distillers are going to restrict the output of whiskey this year to 357,000 barrels or 16,799,000 gallons. But the moonshiner will proceed to run his full capacity and do what he can to make up any deficit from the Kentucky shortage.

If England succeeds in grabbing Li Hung Chang's queue she will tie him up so tight that he can't get in chinning distance of a Russian. She is sort of rushin the business on Li.

Some of the Spanish papers are now calling Columbus Spain's "evil genius" instead of benefactor. If he hadn't discovered this country Spain never would have been walloped by yankee pigs.

The river Nile has a fall of only six feet in a thousand miles. But sometimes it has a rise of good many more feet than that in a few days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. W. Sanders—A stunner.
D. L. Gore—Sugar-bag bagging.
M.C.S. Noble—Teachers' examina'n.
I. B. Rhodes—Fed on rich pastures.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Pointer Dog—Reward $5 for return.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Horton, of Raleigh, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. S. P. Cowan.

— Mr. Albert Solomon is out again, after two weeks' illness with fever.

—Mr. J. F. Gilmore, of Rex, was among the visitors to the city yesterday.

—Miss Katie George left yesterday for an extended visit to friends in Florence, S. C.

— Mr. James Kyle, manager of the Wilmington Tariff Association, returned to the city yesterday.

— Mrs. Jacob Lehman, of Troy, N. C., accompanied by her two children, is here on a visit to relatives.

— Misses Danie and Eveleyn Alexander, of Topsail Sound, were visiting friends in the city yesterday.

— Dr. Pender Porter, who has been studying medicine in New York, was here yesterday on his way to his home at Rocky Point.

—Mr. I. E. Ketchum, of Jacksonville, Democratic nominee for register of deeds in Onslow county, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Mrs. Frank Roberts, wife of the post surgeon at Fort Caswell, spent last night at The Orton and will leave to day for a protracted visit to relatives at Asheville.

— Mr. T. D. Meares, Supreme Master of Exchequer, Knights of Pythias, left last evening for Indianapolis to attend the Supreme Lodge, which will convene Tuesday in that city.

— Mr. H. M. Nathan and daughter, Miss Carrie Nathan, of Charlotte, who have been spending a week on Wrightsville beach with Mr. A. A. Nathan, returned home yesterday.

—Sampson *Democrat:* Miss Bessie Patrick returned Thursday from an extended visit to friends in Wilmington. She was accompanied by her friend, Miss Hattie Mahn, who will be her guest for several days.

— Mrs. A. M. Baldwin and daughter, Miss Lucy, left yesterday for Cleveland Springs, where they expect to spend several weeks. Dr. Baldwin anticipates spending several days there during the ssion of the Baptist Sunday School Chautauqua next week.

—Mr. Alex Newton, of Teachy, was here yesterday going to Bellville, Ga., on a ten days trip to relatives. He carries with him a line of clothing and shoes from the Farrion Brown Shoe Company, of Boston, and also samples of goods manufactured by the Cape Fear Manufacturing Company.

Mail Service Through September.

Postmaster W. H. Chadbourn has had the mail service on Wrightsville and Carolina Beaches extended through September. According to the first arrangement it was to last through August only. The many persons interested will be thankful to the postmaster for his efforts in this matter.

BASE BALL AT HILTON PARK.

A Tie-Game Between the Team from Fort Caswell and the Wilmington Boys. Another Game This Afternoon.

When the game was called at the end of the fifth inning, between the Wilmington and Fort Caswell base ball teams yesterday, the score stood 6 to 6. They were unable to play to a finish on account of the darkness. The game was not as close as might be supposed by the way the score stood. There were several good plays, but there were also more than a plenty of errors and poor plays. However, there were enough of good plays and good playing to afford right much interest for the very creditable crowd of base ball enthusiasts who assembled to watch the contest between the Wilmingtonians and the Battery I soldier base ballists.

The line up of the contending teams was as follows:

BATTERY I.	POSITION.	WILMINGTON.
Stevenson	pitch	Sweeney.
Murray	1st b	Toler.
Lenahan	2nd b	Oldham.
Hastry	3rd b	Sellers.
Plunket	c	Coyna.
Leonard	1 f	Hatch.
Gill	c f	Jones.
McCann	r f	Bowman.
Redding	s s	Pinner

The Wilmington team was made up of players from the O. A. N. and A. C. L. teams and there were also two Fort Caswell players in their line. In the first inning the Wilmington boys made three points on their opponents. In the next inning the Fort Caswell team made one score. The third was very close, scoring one and one. The fifth was devoid of scores and the fifth and last was two for Wilmington and three for Fort Caswell.

The following is the official score:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8
Fort Caswell	1	1	1	0	3	*	*	*	—6
Wilmington	3	0	1	0	2	*	*	*	—6

Mr. Bob Davis began the game as umpire, but retired in a short time and was succeeded by Mr. B. A. Jones, Jr., and Dr. Frank Roberts, Post Surgeon at Fort Caswell. The scorekeepers were Mr. W. W. Roberts and Sergeant Edwards of Fort Caswell.

There were a number of very creditable plays and several players on both teams made good records.

Another Game To-day.

There will be another game this afternoon and it can reasonably be expected that some good ball will be afforded those who attend. The teams promise good ball and are anxious for a large crowd. The line up will be as follows:

FT. CASWELL.	POSITION.	WILMINGTON.
Plunket	c	Zellers.
Pike	p	Sweeney and Tate.
Murray	1st b	Bellamy.
Lenehan	2d b	Oldham.
Hasty	3d b	Pinner.
Redding	s. s.	Orrell.
Stevenson	r. f.	Jackson.
Lennon	l. f.	Jones, B.
Curran	c. f.	Jones, E.

Messrs. Genaust and Sellers will serve as subs for the Wilmington team.

The game will be called about 4.30 o'clock. Admission will be the same as yesterday.

Special Trip to Fort Caswell.

The soldier boys will return to Fort Caswell immediately after the game is concluded.

The steamer *Wilmington* will make her 7.30 trip to-night through to Southport in order to take back the soldier base ball players. There will, therefore, be no 8.30 boat for the beach, but persons who would like to spend a pleasant evening on board the boat will do well to take advantage of the through night trip to Southport The boat will get back to the city about 12 o'clock.

SAMPSON DEMOCRATS JUDGE.

Nominated Candidates for Various Offices on Last Tuesday.

The Sampson Democrats met in convention on Tuesday last. After the report of the committee on platform and resolutions, nominations were declared in order. Several names were presented to the convention for endorsement for senator of the fourteenth district. Mr. J. W. S. Robinson, of Franklin township, was nominated on the second ballot. The three counties composing the district are Harnett, Sampson and Bladen, the former two making nominations this year.

For the House the name of Mr. A. J. Johnson was first placed before the convention. He stated, however, that his business affairs would not permit him to become a candidate and he gracefully declined the honor offered him. Mr. L. L. Matthis, of Turkey, was then nominated by acclamation.

County officers were nominated as follows:

W. J. Pugh, for clerk of the superior court; H. J. Hines, for register of deeds; J. R. McPhail, for sheriff; Dr. Frank H. Holmes, for coroner; Arthur Lee, for surveyor; Messrs. J. D. Johnson, of Lisbon, Sampson Warren, of Newton Grove, and H. B. Chesnutt, of South Clinton, for county commissioners.

The convention also elected delegates to attend the Senatorial Convention at Roseboro on August 31.

Will Settle in North Carolina.

Mr. E. Watrous and family, of Hailey, Idaho, were here yesterday going to Chadbourn to join one of the colonies there. Mr. Watrous came down here on a prospecting tour several months ago and found this country such a plesant contrast to his old home that he decided to settle here.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

WILL BE TRIED MONDAY.

The Trial of Negroes Charged With Robbing Mr. W. N. Harriss' Residence Postponed.

The trial of the negroes arrested Thursday night charged with being implicated in the robbery of the residence of Mr. W. N. Harriss which was to have been held at 10 A. M. yesterday was postponed until 10 A. M. Monday, at the request of the prosecution. A detailed report of the arrests was published in yesterday's STAR. Warrants are issued against Ed. King, murderer of John Johnson; Jno. Walker *alias* "Rat;" Charles Fisher and Lewis Nixon all of whom are securely locked in the county jail. There have been no developments of special significance in the evidence against either culprit since yesterday's report. It is the general opinion that Ed. King, the murderer, is the most guilty of all those implicated in the robbery. He has already served two terms in the penitentiary, one each of 2 and 3 years. John Walker is also an ex-convict and bears a bad reputation. By oversight credit was not given in yesterday's report to D. W. Teachy, a colored deputy sheriff, for valuable service in the arrest of the housebreakers.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Justice J. M. McGowan yesterday suspended judgment on the payment of costs in two cases for trespass.

— Mr. H. C. Twining, the clever baggage agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, is quite sick. Mr. J. W. Keen is acting in his place.

— Prayer meeting services will be held at the First Baptist Church tomorrow in the lecture room, but there will be no service at night.

— Rev. N. M. Jurney, of Mount Olive, in the pastor's absence, will preach at Grace M. E. Church tomorrow, both morning and night.

— The C. F. & Y. V. train was over an hour late last night. The delay was due to a slight break down of some part of the engine near Currie.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

— Mr. Louis Gordon, the veteran policeman who has been doing special duty on Wrightsville beach this season, has been quite sick since Monday last.

— Look out for a big crowd over the Seaboard Air Line to-day. There will be three extra cars in addition to the five cars which are brought in regularly on Saturdays.

— Mr. O. M. Fillyaw's tomato factory, on North Fourth street, has suspended operations for want of tomatoes. The building will be used by Mr. John Farmer as a sausage factory.

— There were two cases on the Mayor's Court docket yesterday. Alice Fuller, colored, was fined $3 and costs for disorderly conduct. Ben Smith, colored, was taxed with a similar fine for a like offence.

— Princess street, between Water and Front, was enlivened yesterday afternoon by the performances of a very stubborn cow. After fruitless efforts to make her go, the driver was obliged to get a dray, put her in it and haul her away.

— A citizen writes: A crossing on the northern side of the intersection of Grace and Fifth streets is very much needed; also the block sidewalk in connection therewith needs raising at the northeast corner of the same streets to make them passable in rainy weather.

— Atlantic Yacht Club house was again the scene of a delightful dance last night. It was the regular weekly hop, and there was a goodly company of clubmen and visiting and Wilmington ladies in attendance. Dancing continued from early in the evening until the last train left the beach at 11 o'clock.

— There was one case before Justice Fowler yesterday. Henry Cromartie, colored, was convicted of assault and battery. He was committed to jail in default of the costs in the case, but afterwards paid and was released. He was also charged with carrying a concealed weapon, but was not convicted.

— Mr. F. W. Ortmann has left at the STAR office the first issue of *Personal Liberty*, a monthly magazine published at Asheville in the interest of the North Carolina Liquor Dealers', Distillers' and Grape Growers' Association. Mr. Frank O'Donnell is editor, and the annual subscription is $2.00. It is neatly printed, and is well filled with matters of interest to the association it represents.

Mass Meeting Called.

The following notice boldly lettered on the Y. M. C. A. bulletin board is self explanatory and not without interest. "Every member, friend and contributor is invited and requested to attend a mass meeting and talk over and take action on all matters of interest to the Association: as School, Star Course, Insurance Fund, Employment Bureau, Swimming Pool Membership, etc., etc. Every one will have an opportunity to make suggestions and requests on any matter. Remember the date September 13th."

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

GAVE A WHITE LADY THE LIE

That Is the Charge Made Against Deputy Sheriff "Dude" Fonville, Colored. Trial To-day.

Another of Sheriff Hewlett's negro deputy sheriffs is in trouble. The charge against this one is calling a white lady, Mrs. Joseph Roderick, a lie. The deputy is William Fonville, better known as "Dude." The warrant was issued from Justice J. J. Fowler's court yesterday and the arrest was made by County Constable Buck Wright and the trial is to be held at 11 o'clock this morning before 'Squire Fowler.

The charge made in the warrant is that Fonville repeatedly gave Mrs. Roderick the lie. The circumstances of the case, according to the statement of Mr. Roderick, are that the deputy was pursuing two boys for the purpose of arresting them. He passed up by the residence of Mr. Roderick, stopped and asked Mrs. Roderick, who had just emerged from the house, if the boys had passed that way. She replied that they had not. Thereupon Fonville shouted back, "That is a lie!" It is claimed that the incident was witnessed by several neighbors, and the "lie" was repeated.

Fonville protests that he has no recollection of having made such a reply.

Justice Fowler says that Fonville is usually one of the best behaved colored deputies in the service. The case will be thoroughly sifted to-day.

EXCURSIONS YESTERDAY.

From Aberdeen, Black River and the Cape Fear.

About two hundred and fifty of the Aberdeen excursionists went to sea yesterday. Some of them got pretty sick, but the rest had a delightful time. Coming back a short stop was made for the excursionists to go over to Carolina Beach and over a hundred of them stayed over to come up on the six o'clock boat. The excursion left the city last night at 10 o'clock.

The excursionists who came in on the *Frank Sessoms* Wednesday afternoon, left last night at 8 o'clock for home. Yesterday most of them went down to Wrightsville Beach to spend the day.

The *A. P. Hurt*, which arrived in port yesterday morning from up Cape Fear river, had fifty or sixty excursionists on board.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BELLAMY.

He Is Now Making a Preliminary Canvass of the Sixth District.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, is making a preliminary canvass of the Sixth District, and has accepted invitations to speak as follows:

At a pic-nic to be given at Gibson's Station, Richmond county, Thursday, August 18th.

At Monroe, Union county (Court week), Tuesday, August 23d.

At the great Croatan basket dinner to be given at New Hope, near Pate's Station, Robeson county, Friday, August 26th.

At Lockwood's Folly, Brunswick county, at the Democratic mass convention to be held Thursday, September 1st.

At Burgaw, Pender county (Court week), Monday, September 12th.

New Building on Water Street.

The new brick building on Water street between Walnut and Red Cross, which Messrs. Alex. Sprunt and Son will use as a pickery, is about completed. It is a large brick building and forms quite an addition, architecturally, to the east side of the street.

The pickery is to be supplied with Grinnell automatic sprinklers and these will be put in, it is learned, by some of Mr. Sprunt's own employes rather than by outsiders.

Burglars in Siler City.

Burglars have been operating extensively in Siler City recently. On one night this week four stores were entered. The burglars seemed to have been after money, as in no instance were large quantities of goods stolen. It has been only a short while ago that a safe was blown open in the same town. This burglar, however, was safely arrested, but there is no clue as to those who perpetrated the robbery this week.

Guns on the Louis H.

One of the twelve-inch rifles for Fort Caswell was placed on the *Louis H.* yesterday without trouble. The arrangements which Mr. Louis H. Skinner had made for loading worked admirably. The barge will be towed down the river Monday by the *Blanche*. As soon as the gun is unloaded the *Louis H.* will be towed back up the river preparatory to taking on the other.

Examination of Teachers.

The examination of persons desiring certificates as teachers in New Hanover county will be held at the Court House at 10 A. M., August 26th. The official notice of Superintendent M. C. S. Noble will be found in another column. At the same time and place a competitive examination for a scholarship in the A. & M. College at Raleigh will be held.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

THE 1898-'99 STAR COURSE.

A Series of Attractions Selected Last Night by the Y. M. C. A. Entertainment Committee.

The lecture committee of the Y. M. C. A. met last night and selected a star course for the coming season. The canvass for subscribers will be made at once, and, provided the proper support is accorded, the various attractions will be signed for and the course assured.

The committee decided last night that four hundred subscribers at $1.50 each will be necessary to assure the success of the course. It is their purpose to have one attraction each month during October, November, December, January, February and March. The course they have selected comprises thirty-six people, every one a talented artist in his line.

The attractions and the months during which they are to appear are as follows:

October—Perry Bros., a variety concert, with bells, glasses, etc. One of the best of this kind on the road.

November—Eldridge Novelty Co., comprising a lady reader and calisthenics artist, who poses in delsartean attitudes, making beautiful effects with the help of electric lights. Also a monologue pianist, tenor singer and electric expert.

December—Rutger's College Glee and Mandolin Club. This is probably the best college club attainable and comprises twenty-two students of this popular college.

January—Herbert A. Sprague, the well-known impersonator, who possesses a versatile talent, finely modulated voice and a remarkably good presence. His specialties are "Rip Van Winkle," "The Rivals," "David Copperfield," "Alabama." The Merchant of Venice, and "The Heir at Law." It has not been decided which of the six he will impersonate provided he comes.

February—A. A. Farland, banjoist: one of the most remarkable entertainers who with a single instrument holds the audience for a whole evening.

March—Old Hundred Quartette; a male quartette of much renown who have sang t gether 12 years and accompanied Denman Thompson the eminent actor.

Secretary Diggs, Chairman Whitlock and other members of the committee say that they have the best course of entertainments in the history of the association.

TORPEDO BOAT TALBOT.

Arrived at Southport from Key West En Route to Norfolk.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

SOUTHPORT, N. C., Aug. 19.—Torpedo boat Talbot, Lieut. Shoemaker in command, arrived here this morning from Key West for coal and water. While in Cuban waters her most important duty was to carry a flag of truce into Havana harbor. The Talbot left Key West last Monday, and after coaling will probably sail tomorrow for Norfolk.

About the Artesian Well.

The Clyde steamer *Croatan*, which is expected to arrive here on Tuesday next, will probably have on board the ten-inch pipe which is needed to resume work on the artesian well. Mr. C. L. Parker, the contractor, wrote Superintendent W. F. Robertson, of the Clarendon Water Works, that it was possible that the pipe would reach New York in time for the *Benefactor*, which arrived last Tuesday. As it did not come on that boat, it will almost certainly be on the next.

Returned Home.

The Odd Fellow's orphans left for Goldsboro yesterday morning. They hated to go and said they hadn't stayed half long enough. The Wilmington members of the Order of Odd Fellows did everything in their power to give the orphans an enjoyable time and all admit that they succeeded admirably.

Miss Nannie McDonald, one of the older members of the class, and one of the boys stopped over in the city to spend a few days before returning.

North Carolinians at The Orton.

E. Porter, Rocky Point; W. B. Fort, Pikeville; J. C. Horner, Oxford; Oscar Lewis, Charlotte; T. Coe and wife, C. Ed. Taylor, Walker N. Weeks, Capt. C. C. Morse, Southport; Mrs. Wm. Godfrey, J. W. Page, L. W. Page, H. L. Holland, A. H. McDonald, William Godfrey, Hoffman; Ralph Leach, W. A. Blue, Aberdeen; Miss E. Godfrey, Miss C. Godfrey, Miss M. Godfrey, Warsaw.

Democrats Organize.

The Democrats of the First, Second and Fourth Wards met and organized last night. Officers were elected, and two organizations were formed in each Ward. The Democrats of the Second precinct of the Fourth Ward—all East of the centre of Fourth street—will meet Monday night at the office of John D. Bellamy.

Barge No. 76.

The Standard Oil Company's barge No. 76 arrived in port last night at 9 o'clock in tow of the tug *DeWitt C. Ivins*, Capt. Deacon. This is the first trip of both the barge and the tug to Wilmington. The tug is only six weeks old. She is chartered by the Standard Oil Company.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

MATTERS IN RALEIGH.

Populist Primaries—Claude Dockery. The Belated Penitentiary Report. Regiments to be Mustered Out.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 19.

The New York *Journal* prints a list of the regiments which will be mustered out of service in a few weeks. The Second and Third North Carolina regiments are both in the list.

The Populist primaries were held last night and J. L. Ramsey and W. R. Terley, a workman, defeated Ayer and Denmark as delegates to the county convention as delegates at large from Raleigh.

J. B. Lloyd, of Tarboro, is in town and thinks (?) he will be elected.

Claude Dockery is here evidently trying to arrange that belated penitentiary report. In reply to a question this morning he said, "Yes, you can get the report." "When?" your correspondent asked. "Well, you can get it in a few days," he replied. "Is it in the Governor's office?" he was asked. "Yes, in reality but not in fact. But you can get it," he said.

MISS PARSLEY ENTERTAINED.

Complimentary Reception in Honor of Miss Montgomery, of Salisbury.

A delightful entertainment was accorded more than a half hundred of Wilmington's foremost society people last night by Miss Susie Parsley at the elegant home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. D. Parsley, on Second street between Ann and Nun. The occasion was a complimentary reception in honor of Miss Parsley's charming guest, Miss Janie Montgomery, of Salisbury. Invitations were issued early in the week and those so fortunate as to be numbered among her friends had been looking forward with most pleased expectancy to the event, and in no way were they disappointed. Indeed no reception of the season has proven more enjoyable.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services in St. John's Church to-morrow, fifth Sunday after Trinity, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 A. M. Sunday School 5 P. M.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D. Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

The regular services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 8 o'clock by Rev. A. D. McClure. Seamen and river men are especially invited. All welcome.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. Sunday School at 4.00 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8.15 P. M. A hearty welcome to all.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. W. Kramer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Weekly Prayer and Praise meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. A. P. Tyer, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, Southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. G. D. Langston, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the morning services. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Class meeting 3 o'clock p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Thursday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to these services.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUGAR-BAG BAGGING.

50 Bales Sugar-Bags for Baling Cotton, 2 pounds to yard.

1000 Rolls Bagging.
1000 Bundles Ties.
500 Sacks Salt, all sizes sacks.
2000 Barrels Flour.

And all other Goods in my line.

D. L. Gore,
No. 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.
au 20 tf

Teachers' Examination.

An examination of persons applying for Teachers' Certificates in New Hanover county will be held at the office of the County Supervisor in the

Court House, at 10 A. M., Friday, August 26th, 1898.

At the same time and place a competitive examination will be held for a Scholarship in the A. & M. College at Raleigh.

M. C. S. NOBLE,
au 20 3t County Supervisor.

A STUNNER.

Half Gal. Vanilla Syrup	30
Half Gal. May Apple Syrup	30
One Smoked Tongue	50
One Can Gooseberries	15
One Can Russell Herring	10
Five lbs Pure Leaf Lard	40
	$1.75

ALL FOR 99c.

S. W. SANDERS,
au 20 tf At the Unlucky Corner.

FED ON RICH PASTURE LANDS,

and dainty and delicious is our fine Lamb, Mutton, Beef and Veal. The quality and high grade excellence of our Meats and Poultry is known by all, and our prices are as low as the lowest. A tender, juicy steak or roast is what will nourish as well as tempt this hot weather.

I. B. RHODES.
au 20 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

TRUTH Will Prevail.

That is why our ads. bring such results. Last week, while trade seemed stagnated at other houses,

WE HAD A RUSH

of business that was really remarkable for the season. We had advertised a line of unmatchable BARGAINS, and the people knew they would find them when they came.

When you read a statement made by us, in this or any other space, you can depend upon it being the TRUTH.

OTHER BARGAINS DISPLAYED FOR THIS WEEK

and prices are plainly marked on them. Our buyer will leave for Northern markets in a few days, and will attend to any SPECIAL ORDERS that may be intrusted to us.

NEW CARPETS arriving daily and Special Prices for the month of August.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

au 14 tf

Provisions.

D. S. Ribs, Plates, Shoulders, Hams, Lards.

We carry large stocks, sell at Rock Bottom Prices and solicit your orders.

We are sole agents for the

Famous Brands Cigars.

Renowns, Cuban Blossom, Topical Twist-Heads.

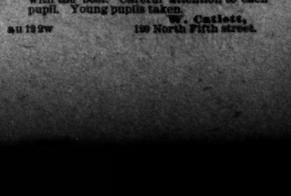
If your jobber can't furnish you, we will.

Vollers & Hashagen,
Wholesale Only.
jy 31 tf Nutt Street. A. C. L. Crossing.

Bagging, Ties, Fish Kegs and Salt.

1000 Rolls 2 lb Bagging.
500 Rolls 1 3-4 Bagging.
1500 Bundles Ties.
500 Fish Kegs.
1000 Sacks, 200 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 180 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 110 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 100 lbs, Salt.

R. R. STONE & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
au 18 tf D&W 5 and 7 South Water St.



INK PADS in all Colors and Sizes.

Our Air Cushion Dating Stamp—the latest thing out.

Aluminum Pocket Seals,

The Best Seal Press on the market, weight 11 ounces.

A Font of Rubber Type, Ink Pad and Tweezers for only 35c.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,
15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 240. au 14 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Monday, July 25th.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M.

Leave Wilmington every day, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.

Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.

Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.

9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.

Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.

J. W. Harper.
jy 26 tf

Lard?

The Best Pure Leaf... 7c per pound.
Granulated Sugar... 6c per pound.
Best Table Butter 22 1-2 per pound,

Don't you want half barrel of Fine Flour? We have it in half barrels and guarantee you can buy no better, $2.75.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
au 17 tf

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY

Begins its twenty-sixth session Sept. 19. A home School, preparing thoroughly for

Business or College,

saving much expense. Its pupils rank with the best. Careful attention to each pupil. Young pupils taken.

W. Catlett,
au 12 2w 120 North Fifth street.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.50; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 20.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

WE MUST HAVE SHIPS.

The late war furnished some striking object lessons showing the need of American ships. Our military operations were much delayed for the want of transports to carry our soldiers and supplies to the places where they were needed, and some of these transports which were chartered by the government were paid for exorbitantly. Manila was captured on the first of May, it was several weeks before any reinforcements or supplies of ammunition or food could be sent to Admiral Dewey, and still this late in August there are several thousand men in San Francisco, who would be in Manila now if the vessels were available to transport them. This is a very embarrassing position for a great government to find itself in, but that is just the predicament in which this Government found itself several times during the war with Spain.

Fortunately we were at war with a power which didn't seem to have had the intelligence to understand our embarassments or the dash to take advantage of them. Had we been at war with some strong, quick-witted and dashing nation how different it might have been. Admiral Dewey was left for almost two months to rely entirely on his own resources, but happily he was a man of cool head and of admirable self poise, and thus while holding with an iron grasp all he had gained held his position in such a way that meddlesome representatives of other powers soon discovered that there was a line that they could not cross and they respected that line. If we had had an indiscreet, excitable or turbulent man in Dewey's place, those re-enforcements would have been needed much sooner than they were, and the need of transports would have been much more seriously felt. What was simply an embarassment might have become a disaster.

It is an accepted fact now that with the close of the war with Spain, with our success and the acquisition of new territory in both oceans we stand face to face with new conditions, and find ourselves confronted by new and grave responsibilities. Sovereignty over new lands, and trade will follow the flag which our armies and fleets planted, and we must put ourselves in a position to meet these new conditions and responsibilities. We must not remain in the dependent and discouraging condition that we found ourselves at the outbreak of the war with Spain. For protection we must draw our new Pacific possession closer to us by cutting through the isthmus barrier and by encouraging the establishment of an American merchant marine, to supply the facilities for reaching there possessions quickly. Isolated they would in case of trouble with other nations be easy to attack, drawn closer to us they would be easy to defend.

No intelligent person, who is atall aware of the commerce of the far East, or of the growing importance of that commerce could lay a map before him for five minutes without seeing and acknowledging the necessity of close connection with our stepping stones to the Eastern world, and of ships of our own to carry our commerce to and fro across the great Pacific. With the teeming millions that are already on its shores, and the teeming millions that will be added in coming generations to those that are now there, the possibilities of that commerce are simply inconceivable. Speaking of this President Hill, of the Great Northern Railroad, who had just returned from the North Pacific coast, is quoted as saying:

"What will you say when I tell you that the Great North alone has been compelled to refuse the shipment of 60,000 tons of steel rails and 50,000,000 pounds of cotton—all demanded by Asia—simply because there is no water facilities by means of which this merchandise may be transported to Asiatic ports. Thus the City of Seattle has lost the benefits to be derived from the shipment of that enormous quantity product simply becanse the United States has no merchant marine—and what there is obtainable in other countries is largely under the control of a foreign element antagonistic to American business and favorable to foreign business, largely English.

"My judgment is that the fearful sums of money which the Government of the United States has been compelled to pay for ordinary transport steamships suitable to be used in times of war will compel Congress to take such action as will induce American capital to once more find investment in the merchant marine that may be sailed under the Stars and Stripes. If she does not, then stagnation must settle down again over American products simply because famine won't last forever, and the United States is at the mercy of foreign transportation companies operating the business of the world upon water. The American people must demand of their Congress such laws as will enable the United States to compete with other nations and not be compelled to rely on the marine commerce of other nations.

"Pacific commerce is fraught with all that is propitious for the future. The next quarter of a century will witness an expansion and development of which the history of the world does not show a parallel. International maritime commerce is built up, guided and made what it is by governments. Individuals cannot do much; the Government places the restrictions or affords the necessary encouragement for expansion and broadening. Our war with Spain, the dismemberment, the breaking up of the Chinese Empire, the march of progress exhibited in Japan, are some of the factors now apparent that will for the future influence commerce with Pacific coast of the United States.

"This is a trade that must be nurtured and assisted by the Government. Here the Government does little to foster commerce. Contrasting with the government across the boundary, they subsidize their railroads; they subsidize their steamships. This latter is one way of encouragining international commerce. You have no shipping here, much less subsidy. You must have ships, a fleet sufficient for your increasing requirement. Even at this time you do not have vessels for the trade that now exists."

If America expects to compete in the markets of the world with her foodstuffs she must be able to handle them and get them into those markets at the least possible cost so that her competitors may have no advantage in this respect, and unless she can do that she must pay the penalty. There are other grain-growing countries, which are becoming greater grain-growers, and with these we must compete. There is now the promise of a great wheat supply in Russia, with an extraordinary wheat harvest in this country, with the probabilities that wheat will be very low.

Mr. Hill hints at subsidies, but it isn't subsidies that are wanted to give us ships. It is simply the removal of the restrictions that make it impossible for Americans to own ships which are not built in this country and sail them under the American flag. Remove these restrictions and the ships will come or be built at home.

FORTY NEGRO MAGISTRATES.

Republican papers and speakers are trying to create the impression that there are so few negroes holding office, even in Eastern North Carolina, that the question is not worth considering. Well, let us see how it is, and we will begin with New Hanover county, which includes Wilmington, the largest city in the State.

The county of New Hanover has Forty Negro Magistrates, all duly commissioned and having jurisdiction and authority over whites and blacks alike.

The county of New Hanover has six school committees, and on these committees there are six negroes whose duties are not confined to the negro schools, but extend to white schools also.

The county of New Hanover has four or five Negro Deputy Sheriffs, whose duties bring them constantly in contact with the whites. The only constable for the city of Wilmington is also a negro.

The city of Wilmington has Fourteen Negro Policemen, including three substitutes.

The county of New Hanover has a Negro Member of the Legislature and a Negro Register of Deeds; and the next Republican nominee for County Treasurer, it is generally conceded, will be a negro.

The City of Wilmington has three Negro Aldermen, and all the Health Officers, (four) are negroes.

The Collector of Customs of the port of Wilmington is a negro, and in the several departments of the Federal government here there are at least twelve negroes holding positions.

Forty Negro Magistrates in one county! Think of that, white men of North Carolina! And think how many more there will be unless the Democrats control the next Legislature. It is New Hanover that stands at the head of the list in the number of Negro Magistrates now. But if the negro votes elect a majority of the members of the next Legislature other counties will be humiliated too. Mecklenburg and Union, Anson and Richmond, Robeson and Columbus, Brunswick and Pender will all drink of the bitter cup. The negroes cast 120,000 votes for the Republican ticket in this State. They know their power and they will assert it.

We ask every Populist in North Carolina if he ever dreamed that in voting to elect a Fusion Legislature he was voting to make Forty Negro Magistrates for the county of New Hanover. No, there is not an honest Populist in the State who believed that his vote was contributing to the degradation of the white race, and now that they have been convinced of their mistake these Populists will join with the Democrats in electing a Legislature that will undo the great wrong that has been committed.

The time has come when every decent white man in North Carolina should show the stuff of which he is made. He must decide now whether he prefers white rule or negro rule. The Democratic party is the white man's party because it is composed of white men. The Republican party is the negro party because it is composed mainly of negroes.

Forty Negro Magistrates in New Hanover county! Let every white man in North Carolina know this.

MINOR MENTION.

The opinion is now expressed that the surrender of Manila to the United States forces includes not only Manila and the island of Luzon, but the whole archipelago, and we share that opinion. Manila was not only the capital of the island of Luzon, but of the Philippines, and the Governor General was not only the Governor General of Luzon, but of all the Philippines. He was Spain's special representative, and as such the commanders of our forces there dealt with him. When he surrendered his authority over Manila he surrendered it over all the territory in which he had authority and that authority passed into the hands of the victor to whom he surrendered, otherwise, there would be no one to exercise authority after Spain, by surrender, had confessed her inability to rule. It may be said that the surrender of Santiago did not carry with it the surrender of Cuba, but Santiago was controlled by a subordinate whose jurisdiction was confined within certain limits, yet it embraced not only Santiago but all the territory over which he had jurisdiction. If it had been Havana instead of Santiago, and the surrender had been made by Governor-General Blanco, the representative of Spain, no question would have arisen as to its embracing all of Cuba, and all of the territory over which he had jurisdiction; so we do not see where there can be much dispute as to the scope of the surrender made by the representative of Spain at Manila. This is the view that this Government will certainly take of it.

* * *

The action of the Populist State Committee at Raleigh has settled the question of fusion with the Republicans as far as that committee is concerned. There will be fusion wherever the terms (which means the spoils) can be agreed upon. This was foreshadowed in the meeting held a short while ago, at which the time was fixed for the meeting of the State committee, so it causes no surprise, in fact there has been little doubt at any time that fusion would be the order. It may be noted, however, that this committee, dominated as it now is by S. Otho Wilson, Harry Skinner and others, represents but one faction—the anti-Butler faction—of the party and speaks more for itself than for the masses of the Populists who will have something to say about the fusion business when the voting time comes. Butler and the Butlerites were conspicuous by their absence because they knew they would cut no figure in proceedings, and they wisely concluded to stay away rather than go there to be sat down upon. As it was they came near getting down on Butler by ousting his paper as the party organ and installing *Home Rule*, which was prevented by Harry Skinner who thought it good policy to placate the Butler faction, whose help he may need in the coming campaign. But Butler will doubtless come to an understanding later, by which he can sneak in and join in the fusion game.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1. Guaranteed or price refunded. †

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

POINTS POLITICAL.

REPRESENTED BY NEGROES.

Person county was represented at the Republican Judicial Convention in Graham last Saturday by W. H. Barnett and Ed. Smith, both colored.—*Roxboro Courier.*

GREAT CHANGES.

The signs of the times indicate great changes this fall. Many honest men who were fooled into voting for so-called reformers are disgusted. They find now that the only reform these fellows wanted was boodle for their own pockets.—*Lexington Dispatch.*

TEN TO FOUR.

The fusion ticket that the Craven county people will be requested to support this fall contains the names of ten negroes and four white men. The only surprising feature in the matter is that so many white men are on the ticket.—*Jacksonville Times.*

AGAINST FUSION.

The Populist convention of Alexander county declared 25 to 17 against fusion with the Republicans. They prove by their actions that they believe in the principles they profess. When two parties opposed in principles fuse in an election, there is only one object in view—office. — *Charlotte News.*

DISGUSTED WITH NEGRO RULE.

If what we hear from old Pitt county is true, the straws are showing which way the wind blows. A gentleman said: "At the Populist primary at Pactolus only four Populists took part, the others present saying they had had enough of Skinnerism. At Grimesland not one attended the primary. At Pactolus, last election, the Populists' strength was about fifty; this time if they cast six votes I shall be surprised. At Grimesland they tell me not one will be cast. The truth is the leaders may fuse, but they will never be able to deliver the goods.—*Washington Messenger.*

NICE SCHOOL COMMITTEEMEN.

What a commentary upon the laws and enlightenment of a State, to say nothing about the fitness of things, when for the sake of permitting ignorant negroes to hold positions as school committeemen a provision is made in the school law of North Carolina which says that a school committeeman who cannot sign his name to a teacher's voucher may make his mark. The Charlotte *News* calls attention to such a fact, and we agree with our contemporary that this law ought to be repealed and that no school officer, be he white or black, who cannot write his name has any place in our school system.—*Henderson Gold Leaf.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth:* Nine years ago Mr. J. B. Whitehead, son of Mr. M. Whitehead, of Halifax, left for Washington, D. C. He had not been heard from in a long time and his people had mourned for him as dead. The long absent son has returned. During his absence he has traveled considerably, having gone to London and many other places.

Rocky Mount *Argonaut:* Mrs. Ann E. Bell departed this life at her home in Washington, N. C., on Thursday night last. She had attained the good old age of 80 years. Mrs. Bell was the mother of Mrs. Dossy Battle of this town.—Tobacco is going to make about an average crop. Corn is good, while cotton is going to be much better than it promised a few weeks ago. The farmers have no cause for complaint.

— Greensboro *Telegram:* News was received here to-day that three stores were broken into at Siler City Wednesday night and robbed of cash, clothing, hats, etc., in abundance. An old coat, which was recognized as the property of a cross-eyed negro, was left in one of the stores. The negro lives in Siler City, but could not be found this morning. It is supposed that he had associates and the near-by towns have been notified to look for capture them.

— Mount Airy *News:* They tell us that while we have had rain almost every day during the past five weeks, the ground at Donnaha, on the Wilksboro railroad, has been too dry and parched to plow. — A project is on foot to organize a "fruit growing company." The plan is to purchase 1,000 acres of land at the foot of the Blue Ridge Mountain and plant an apple orchard. 100,000 trees will be required and one man has already proposed to take enough stock in the company to pay for the trees. At that rate, it will not take many weeks to complete the organization.

— Charlotte *News:* Very little is said in public print of Mecklenburg's wool growing industry; but if properly managed it can be carried on with profit. Just recently Mr. Frank Alexander has shipped nearly 600 pounds of washed wool to Elkin, N. C. Such wool brought 16½ cents per pound last year. This season it is bringing 20 cents, and the demand for it is increasing. — Asbury Whitaker, of Huntsville, Yadkin county, sends the Davie *Times* a sample of sugar beets he is raising as an experiment. He will, from one-half acre of these beets, realize two tons of hog and cattle food. Mr. Whitaker raised this year 1,300 bushels of wheat. He used Flucaster wheat which made 45 bushels to the acre.—"What has become of the tramps?" asked a well known Charlotte man this morning. "Why, they have joined the army," suggested a bystander. This must be the proper solution of this question. As a matter of fact the police tell the *News* that they do not see any of these stragglers these days. Charlotte is usually a splendid place to see them but they are no more in this locality. Who says the war with Spain has not been a great benefit?

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhœa, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TWINKLINGS.

— Jack—"Why did you break your engagement with Marie?" Tom—"Her father offered to lend me money to get married on."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— "I spent $100 on my silver wedding present to my wife." "What is it?" "I don't know; she hasn't got through exchanging it yet."—*Chicago Record.*

— The Tiger—"I've been chasing a missionary for ten miles. Have you seen anything of him?" "The Lion—"He just stepped inside."—*New York Times.*

— Browne—"Did you ever know of an instance where the part was greater that the whole?" Towne—"Oh, yes. The star's part in drama."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Agent—"Has your piano an automatic attachment, madam?" Woman—"No, it ain't; but it's got a sheriff's attachment, an' I reckon that'll do for the present."—*New York Truth.*

— A Dark Secret: She—"Julie and Joe are engaged for the summer, but they have decided to keep their engagement secret; Julie told me so." He—"Yes, know it; Joe told me."—*Illustrated American.*

— "Alas!" sighed Mrs. Peek, "one can never tell what a day may bring forth." "That's true, my dear," replied Henry. "A man may be happy to-day and married to-morrow."—*Chicago Daily News.*

— Suspicious-looking Guest—"How would I get out of this room in case of a fire?" Porter—"Why, all you would have to do would be to show the night watchman a receipted bill for your board and lodging."—*Puck*

— Too Personal: "Gave up your Sunday school class of young women? What for?" "They kept telling me how sorry they were because they were not men, so they could go to fight their country's battles.—*Chicago Tribune.*

THE VOODOO MAN.

His Weird Powers of Subjection Exercised Over a Lunatic Pugilist.

One of the two persons concerned was a colored man, a terribly deformed person, a southern man, and therefore possessed of all the voodoo superstitions of his race in that particular quarter of the country. The other man was also colored, an ex-prizefighter, who, like others of his calling, was also possessed of superstitious beliefs. The deformed man was the first to be brought into the room, and when he had been there but a few minutes he began to go through all sorts of incantations of the voodoo character. His outstretching of hands, his gesticulations, waving of arms, rolling of eyes, gyrations of body and his words of ceremony as he called upon his gods to do this and to do that were impressively weird and strange. While he was in the midst of that ceremony, by which he claimed that he could control the elements and cause rain or shine, the prizefighter was brought in. He was wild and almost uncontrollable. He was manacled to prevent him from doing injury to himself and others. Hardly had he entered the room when his eyes fell upon the deformed colored man going through his ceremony of voodooism. He stopped, looked straight at the colored man, and in an instant was quiet. At the same moment the colored man saw him, and at that instant was illustrated the power of superstition over the human mind, though it be clouded by an affliction that has robbed it of its power of ordinary reasoning.

The two men gazed at each other steadily for a few moments, the colored man then crouching low, advanced, and as he neared the other colored man began anew his incantations. He waved his hands, rolled his eyes, moved his body to and fro and uttered words that were unintelligible. As he neared the other man that creature began to tremble, his eyes fairly stood out of their sockets, and he began to sink toward the floor. He was evidently overcome by the sight of the deformed colored voodoo man and was ready to fall upon his knees and worship him, but the incantations were too much for him, and before the deformed man had concluded his words the other man had sunk to the floor and was in almost a faint. The attendants, who had been watching the performance, seized the prizefighter and lifted him to a chair, and there he lay in an exhausted condition. Then the deformed voodoo backed away from him, went slowly to the washstand in the corner of the room, turned on the water and, dipping his hands into it, returned slowly, with gyrations of his horribly twisted body, and sprinkled the other man with the water. He then backed slowly away and sat in a chair near the man. They glared at each other wildly for some moments, and then each resumed his normal condition.

The voodoo man was James Coleman, a bootblack who has had a stand on Fifth street, near the horse market. The other man was James Baton, who has been a sort of prizefighter and has been in the workhouse. They were both taken to the asylum.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Tail of the Fish.

The tail of the fish is his sculling oar. He moves it first on one side and then the other, using his fins as balances to guide his motion. If the fish is moving fast and wants to stop, he straightens out his fins just as the rower of a boat does his oars.

No Breach of Contract.

Balder—I thought you said this mixture would make my hair come out quickly, and it seems to me I'm getting balder and balder.

Barber—Well, isn't your hair coming out?—Pick Me Up.

Brunswick County Democratic Convention.

The Democrats of Brunswick are requested to meet in County Convention at Lockwood's Folly on Thursday the first day of September, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating county candidates, electing an Executive Committee—five active Democrats for each precinct—Chairman of County Executive Committee and delegates to Senatorial Convention. All who have heretofore affiliated with other parties and intend to support the Democratic nominees are cordially invited to meet with us.

By order of the County Executive Committee. D. B. McNEILL, Chairman.

August 6, 1898.

TENEMENT HOUSE FIRES.

Insurance Patrol Works as Faithfully For the Poor as For Those Who Are Insured.

There is an article in St. Nicholas on "The Fire Patrol," written by Charles T. Hill, who has contributed a series of papers to that magazine on the New York fire department. Mr. Hill says:

At fires in the homes of the poor these detachments of the patrol work just as earnestly and conscientiously to save property as they would in the expensively furnished mansions of the rich. At tenement house fires they are of great service. First, they aid in getting the people out; then, gathering the goods together, the patrolmen protect them from water with tarpaulin covers. The majority of these fires break out in the basements or cellars, then, following the air and light shafts to the top floor, they spread and do the greatest damage in the upper stories. To extinguish these fires the other floors below have to be flooded, and were it not for the fire patrol in many cases the poor families would lose everything they owned.

One of the captains of the patrol remarked: "Why, it would do your heart good if you could hear how profuse these poor people are in their thanks, and the blessings they shower on us when they find we've saved their things. They go running around, wringing their hands and crying, 'Everything's lost, everything's lost!' And then, when the fire is out, we lead them back and show them their things, as dry as a chip under the covers, and—well, say, there isn't anything they wouldn't do for us. Half the time they're not insured, and it isn't our business to protect people who are not, but we're not supposed to know everything, and our orders are to protect property first and find out whether it is insured afterward, and it is not our fault if we save the little all of a lot of poor creatures who half the time haven't a change of clothes to their backs. You bet we get to work just as quick in a tenement house fire as in a big house on Fifth avenue, and we do the same work in both places, no matter whether it's for the rich or the poor."

Converted.

Small Boy—What'll I do with this money box?

Mamma—Put it away, of course. It has a shilling in it that your aunt gave you and some change your pa and I put in.

"Not now. There isn't any money in it now. I spent it."

"Spent it? What did you do that for?"

"Why, the clergyman preached so hard against hoarding up riches that I got converted and spent what I had."—London Fun.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store, only 50 cents per bottle. †

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	6½	@	7
Standard	7	@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔	13	@	13½
Sides ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔		@	6½
BARRELS Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	51
Virginia Meal		@	51
COTTON TIES ℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	11
CHEESE ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	13
State	10½	@	13
COFFEE ℔—			
Laguyra	13	@	16
Rio	8	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4 ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS ℔ dozen	11	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl	9 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 25
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 25
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
Fancy	4 75	@	5 00
GLUE—℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	52½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	80
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOF IRON, ℔	1½	@	2
LARD, ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	7
North Carolina	5	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	15 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	35
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	37
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	35
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS ℔ keg. Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
Clear Mess	11 00	@	11 50
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔	10	@	20
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 120 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 40	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔— Standard Granl'd	5¾	@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔— Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	12 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	6 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 Saps	7 50	@	8 50
5x24 Saps	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
4x24 Saps	4 00	@	4 50
4x24 Heart	3 00	@	3 50
Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔		@	4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 20	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL ℔— Unwashed	4	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market opened firm at 26 cents per gallon bid for machine-made casks and 25½ cents per gallon bid for country casks; sales later at 26½ and 26 cents.

ROSIN.—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl for Strained and $1.00 bid for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, steady, 25½c, 25c; rosin firm, $1.15; $1.20; tar quiet and steady, $1.10; crude turpentine steady, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	192
Rosin	892
Tar	266
Crude Turpentine	40

Receipts same day last year.—139 casks spirits turpentine, 644 bbls rosin, 232 bbls tar, 35 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 1-16	cts.	℔ lb.
Good Ordinary	4¾	"	"
Low Middling	5 1-16	"	"
Middling	5½	"	"
Good Middling	5¾	"	"

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—1 bale; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75. Virginia—Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½@55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

Cotton and Naval Stores.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For month ended August 19, 1898.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
10	1,002	3,277	1,096	246

RECEIPTS.

For month ended August 20, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
20	1,338	4,451	1,321	253

EXPORTS.

For month ended August 19, 1898.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	13	792	218	925	280
Foreign	00	1,357	8,330	000	000
	13	2,159	8,548	925	280

EXPORTS.

For month ended August 20, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	122	943	127	2,116	378
Foreign	000	000	000	2	000
	122	943	127	2,118	378

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat August 19, 1898.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	5,837	110	5,947
Spirits	961	76	1,037
Rosin	47,490	4,160	50,098
Tar	3,500	200	3,800
Crude	107	000	107

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat August 20, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
336	1,654	36,890	1,804	202

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 19.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, August 19.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sale.

SAVANNAH, August 19.—Spirits turpentine 27c; sales of 430 casks; receipts 765 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 925 barrels; receipts 3,973 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—While trading was not particularly active to-day, the cotton market showed quite a wide range of fluctuations. The opening call developed a steady feeling with first sales at an advance of 2@3 points over the final figures of yesterday. Shorts were the principal buyers, being driven in by reports of damage to the crop region of the cotton belt by further rains during the past twenty-four hours. Moderate buying for European account added to the firm ruling of the market for a time. Later, however, demand from shorts ceased and buying for foreign interests being satisfied, the market showed symptoms of easing off. The bear faction was not slow to see their advantage and sold vigorously, with the result that by midday the early gain had been supplanted by a loss of one to two points. Speculation lagged in the afternoon and variations in

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear ——— *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* ——— *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher, M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

What Did He Do?

He begged a kiss. She frowned meditatively.

"A kiss," she said, "is an expression of sentiment. Placed upon the hand it signifies respect; upon the forehead, friendship; upon the lips, both, and more or neither. Since you have asked it, you may express yourself in one kiss. Proceed."

He hesitated.

Through respect and friendship love may be reached. If he were too bold, she— He hesitated. He gazed down into the grass and pondered swiftly. He tried to read her mood. He would place that one kiss upon her—

He heard a trill as of many birds. He looked up.

She was whistling softly.

Her hat was pulled down to her eyes, covering her forehead, and her hands were thrust deep into the pockets of her jacket.—Detroit Free Press.

A Carlyle Comment.

A gentleman once happened to visit Carlyle just after a brilliant man of genius had left him. As they met at the door the man of genius said: "I have just been visiting poor Carlyle. He is a mere wreck—a mere wreck." As the second visitor greeted Carlyle he remarked, "So you've just had Mr. —— with you?" "Yes," was the answer of the "mere wreck," "and he thinks God Almighty never made such another!"

A MASTERLESS MAID.

A masterless maid, with my heart in my keeping,
I wander the world, and I'll wander again,
With gladness my portion where others know weeping
And mirth for my songbook where others read pain,
With zest speeding onward, as bee to the clover,
God's world in its fairness his birthright to me.
'Twixt me and the sunshine the eyes of no lover,
All soft tones evading I laugh and go free.

Adown purple hills steal the mists of the coming,
But few are my thoughts what that future may be,
The lark's sky born anthem, the velvet bee's humming,
Sound sweeter than love word or love song to me.
Yet sometimes I linger and hush in my singing
And wait for the passing of unsteady feet,
And sigh when I hear baby laughter soft ringing,
And wonder awhile if my freedom be sweet.

Yet sometimes comes wanting, unchecked and unchidden,
When cold falls God's sunlight athwart the pale grass,
And down in the daisies I kneel me, face hidden,
And kiss the kind earth baby footsteps will pass.
—London Spectator.

The Chinaman's Horses.

The Chinese are not usully credited with merciful qualities, but if the man is merciful who is merciful to his beast the quality must be natural to many Chinese in America. The few Chinese in our great cities who deliver goods to their countrymen or have other uses for horses often possess sleek and well fed animals whose care shows great fondness and generosity.

The Oregonian says that there is a Chinese vegetable peddler in Portland whose two horses have long been admired by his customers. He feeds them on the street, and one day lately some passersby, who saw that the man always seemed to be concocting some special dish for the team, watched him prepare their luncheon.

First he led the horses into the shade, loosened the traces and took off the bridles. Then he took a nosebag for each, and into each bag poured a good measure of rolled barley. Next he cut up some carrots small, put them into the nosebags and mixed them up with the barley. Finally he went to his wagon and got four eggs, two of which he broke into each measure, and stirred them up with the barley and carrots.

The horses watched all these preparations with great interest and were "correspondingly elated," as the election dispatches say, when the bags containing the appetizing mixture were hung on their noses. They proceeded to eat with gusto, and the Chinaman turned to a frugal lunch of his own, which apparently consisted of an onion and a piece of dry bread.

White drivers who give their horses a nicer lunch than they themselves eat are probably rare, east or west.

Breaking Up and Breaking Down.

"A man may be all broken up," said Mr. Billtops, "and yet not be broken down at all. Grief breaks us up, but we get over that, while a break down may mean a collapse, with recovery doubtful or difficult. In cold climates where ice forms in winter the rivers break up in the spring, and they are all in a turmoil then, but when summer comes they flow along placidly. So it is with us. We may be all broken up and get over it, but a break down is quite another matter."—New York Sun.

A Change of Heart.

He—I think I shall have to preach a bicycle sermon advising all my parishioners to ride a wheel.

She—Why, Joseph, it was only three weeks ago that you denounced the wheel most thoroughly.

He—Yes, but remember, my dear, that was while I was learning to ride.—Harper's Bazar.

Troubles of His Own.

The expression "I have my own troubles" has become so general and truthful that even the children have become used to it. The other day, says the Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph, a busy mother had been interrupted several times by her 4-year-old son, who kept asking her to come out into the yard and play.

"Willie," said the mother, "if you were a good boy you would want to help your mother instead of worrying her, when she has so many other troubles to worry her."

"Well, mamma," said the child, "I have my own troubles." And he walked out into the yard and played by himself.

NOT ON ALL BILLS OF FARE.

Dishes Odd to Us—Elephants' Legs and Bombay Ducks.

Some people go through life upon a diet of chops, steaks and roast beef, varied with mutton and ham. They don't know what good things there are in the world to eat, and, to tell the truth, they would not eat the things that many consider delicacies even if they did know about them.

It is highly probable, for instance, that there are people in New York who have never even heard of that delicacy, roast elephant's leg. No part of the elephant is such good eating as the first joint of the leg below the knee, when it is properly prepared. A hole three feet deep should be dug and filled with live coals. As soon as the sides of the hole are baked hard take out the coals and put in the elephant's foot and the joint. Then cover with dirt, tightly packed, and build a blazing fire over it. The dish will be cooked in three hours, when it can be dug up. You will find a gelatinous mass, which is excellent eating. Few restaurants in this city keep it on the bill of fare, however, and it is difficult to prepare it properly at home.

Old Apicius of Rome has left us the recipe for a dish which he invented and named a "tetrapharmacon." You take a gamy peacock, a freshly killed pheasant, the udder and hock of a wild sow, a nightingale, some pieces of fat pork or other fat meat, the hearts of chickens and the livers of geese, some oysters, fruits to suit the taste, spices and two or three kinds of flavorings. These ingredients should be baked in a dish with a bread pudding spread over the top. Nightingales are a little scarce at this season of the year, but any one wishing to have a "tetrapharmacon" for dinner can get most of the other ingredients at the market.

The Huns of history were a people with ideas of their own regarding food and the way it should be prepared. They had no use for the dishes of the Romans, but used to eat their meat raw, merely heating it by carrying it for awhile strapped on their horses' backs under the saddles. To this day the peasants on the Norwegian coast are fond of a meal of herring and sour milk.

When Thackeray first ate an American oyster, he said it seemed like eating raw baby, and another distinguished Britisher, when introduced by Daniel Webster to that glorious dish, clam chowder, said, "I have eaten worse things, but not often, not often."

Gastronomic likes and dislikes are, after all, matters of place and time. People who have been in the far east will never think a curry complete unless it is served with Bombay duck. A Bombay duck is a little dried fish which adds mightily to the delights afforded by a curry. They can be bought generally at one of the big grocery houses of New York. This house first imported the Bombay duck to satisfy the appetites of naval officers who had been on duty at the China station and longed for "ducks" with curry.—New York Press.

What More Did She Want?

Familiarity breeds contempt, sometimes, and sometimes it breeds affection and occasionally it breeds both. Many an impatient lad despises the rural village of his birth who yet, once he leaves it, becomes deathly homesick for one glimpse of its weather stained farms, its grassy street, yes, even the piled tomato cans and crisscrossed soap bars of its single stuffy little store!

Even the woman encountered recently by a Boston lady upon her travels may have unsuspected capabilities of appreciation which the stress of homesickness could arouse, though as yet they are assuredly only latent. Learning from what city her chance acquaintance came, the Bostonian had remarked amiably:

"Oh, Vancouver! I have always heard that Vancouver is a singularly beautiful place."

The lady who lived there appeared pleased, but surprised.

"Well, maybe," she assented doubtfully, "but there's not much of anything to see there—just woods and mountains and the ocean!"—Youth's Companion.

The Story of a Picture.

Professor Herkomer has been telling the story of his celebrated picture, "The Chelsea Pensioners In Church." The picture, he said, was painted against the advice of every friend he had. Never, he said, was a painting sent to the academy with such trepidation as this one was. But after five days' anxious waiting there came letters not of rejection, but of commendation, from Lord Leighton (then Mr. Leighton) and Mr. George Richmond. He was watching by a sickbed at the time, and he is not ashamed to state that when he received these letters he broke down and wept. The acceptance of that picture was the first striking success of his career.—Strand Magazine.

Sunday morning in Amsterdam is proclaimed a few minutes before 6 o'clock by clanging bells from every church steeple in the place, vigorously summoning all good Protestants to their early devotions, for the Dutchman begins his Sabbath early and keeps it rigorously.

Although the waters of the Indian ocean are filled with voracious sharks, the inhabitants of the numerous islands near Ceylon swim about in the water with impunity, the sharks refusing to molest them, while a stranger would be instantly devoured.

Helgoland was formerly the Gretna Green of Germany. Couples who wished to escape the customary formalities would go to Helgoland to get married by some obliging fisherman. Since Prussia has owned the island this sort of thing has been stopped.

A French doctor declares that he has discovered a means of injecting courage into men by means of a syringe. The material he uses is a mixture of sea water and phenic acid.

Coal miners in this country number 365,000, of whom 135,000 are at work in Pennsylvania.

Sun Distilled Water.

M. Mouchon is said to have constructed a really practical solar machine for the purpose of distilling water in regions where a supply for drinking cannot easily be obtained. The apparatus is portable, being carried on the back of a man without trouble. It will distill $2\frac{1}{2}$ quarts an hour, or 2 gallons a day, enough to supply six or eight men. In Egypt, India and certain other parts of the world campaigning is rendered much more difficult by lack of drinking water, and a contrivance of this sort is likely to be of the utmost value, furnishing the essential fluid in a healthful state and enabling the soldiers to cook their food rapidly. In some countries it is out of the question to get good drinking water.

Queer Marriages.

In southern India, The Indian Social Reformer says, marriage with inanimate objects is not altogether unknown. A man who has lost two wives and wishes to marry another will go through a formal marriage ceremony with a plantain tree, which is afterward cut down. This stands for the third marriage, which is considered inauspicious and the man feels free to make a fourth marriage with a third woman.

A Source of Supply.

Juno—What will we need in the way of silver and linen?

Jack (her fiance)—Can't say, my dear, until we've finished with the hotels on our wedding trip.—New York Journal.

Doubly Stuck.

"I sat in an electric car four hours today. The power had given out."

"Why didn't you get out and walk down town?"

"I couldn't. I had paid my fare."—Chicago Record.

Church Steeples.

Many church steeples in England are covered with copper, one of these being that of St. Sidwell, in Exeter. The spire, which is covered with sheet copper, was added 70 years ago, the metal being taken from the bottom of an old man-of-war broken up at Devonport.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

HOTEL STEWART.
Rates $2.00 Per Day.
West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office, Goldsboro, N. C.
feb 25tf

This Cut
REPRESENTS ONE OF THE MANY STYLES OF THIS NOW
Famous Line
of Fine Footwear at
$2.00, $2.50, and $3.00.
Also, Low Cut Shoes at Low Cut Prices.

Our Popular Watch Contest
is now on for 60 days.
Look in Our Window!
Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
au 4 tf 115 Princess street.

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 22, pages 381, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185. W. B. McKOY,
au 11 30t Attorney.

FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in two certain Mortgage Deeds made by W. C. Craft and wife, Jennie C. Craft, to the Mechanic's Home Association, duly recorded in Book 19, page 632, et. seq., and the other in Book No. 20, page 105, et seq., of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned attorney will on Wednesday, August 31st, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, all the undivided interest of W. C. Craft and wife in the land conveyed in said mortgages—as by reference to said mortgages will fully appear—in the following described tract of land in the said State and county, and city of Wilmington, and in Block No. 185, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the northern line of Princess street, at a point 66 feet east of its intersection with the eastern line of Eighth street, thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence north and parallel with the said line of Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with the said line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence south and parallel with the said line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning. W. B. McKOY,
Attorney for the Mechanic's Home Association. au 9 30t

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 209.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.
my 22 tf

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

For catalogues address
Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY,
je 28 tf. RALEIGH, N. C.

SEASHORE HOTEL,
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.
GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.
Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. CUISINE up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean.
je 2 tf

SALEM
Academy and College.

For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 2d.
JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal,
au 7 tf* Salem, North Carolina.

Alleghany Springs,
Virginia.

Recommended by the State Medical Society, is celebrated for its cures of Dyspepsia, in its various forms. Most extended and beautiful grounds in the mountains. Special rates to families. For descriptive pamphlet, testimonials, terms, &c., write to
je 23 1m **C. A. Colhoun, Prop.**

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 28, 1898. 36th year.
Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.
Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal.
122 and 124 W. Franklin street, Baltimore, Md.
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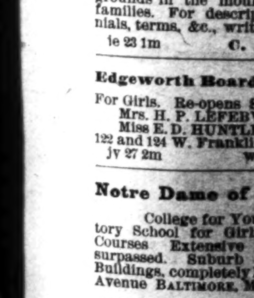
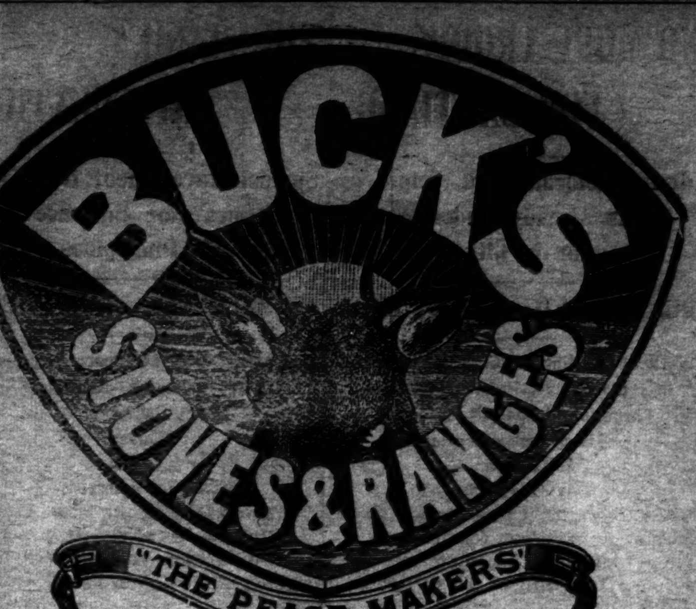
Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped. Charles Street Avenue BALTIMORE, MD. su we sa jy 24 2m



CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists,
or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

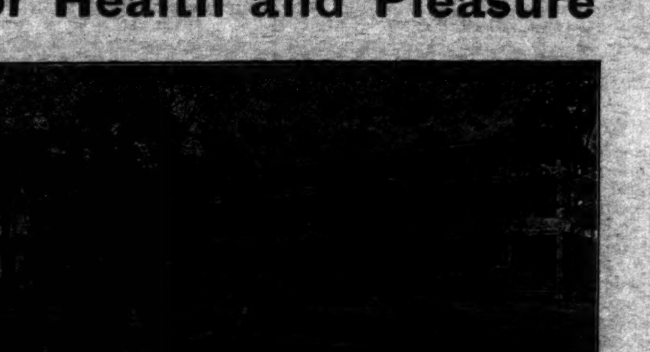


When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

For Health and Pleasure



Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,
Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,
THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je 26 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,
In Any Quantity From
10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.
Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.
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MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:
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ED. McRAE, Maxton.
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G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.
J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE.
Desirable Tract of Land
Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address
THE MORNING STAR,
my 28 tf Wilmington N. C.

WANTED
5,000 lbs. Wool.
3,000 lbs. Beeswax.
WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C

FOR RENT.
One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address
H. E. THOMPSON,
my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C

SEND US
Your Orders for
Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, MEAT, &c.
AND GET
BOTTOM PRICES.
D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
je 12 tf

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p. m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:33 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m., leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:28 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:19 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:09 a. m., Raleigh 3:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8:00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS.

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
CROATAN ....Saturday, August 20th
BENEFACTOR ....Saturday, August 27th

Wilmington for New York.
BENEFACTOR ....Saturday, August 20th
CROATAN ....Saturday, August 27th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
CROATAN ....Tuesday, August 23d

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 15 tf

Naptha-Camphor.

Better than Camphor Gum,
Cheaper than Camphor Gum.

Harmless to handle, but sure death to moths. A perfect disinfectant for furs, clothing, feathers, &c.; **35c per pound.**

LIQUID CREALEUM.

A perfect disinfectant and antiseptic. Safe, Cheap and Convenient for household use. For plumbing, disinfecting clothes, mosquito bites, skin eruptions, &c. SURE DEATH TO FLEAS and cures Mange on Dogs.

25c Per Bottle.

J. Hicks Bunting,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
au 12 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THIS IS HOT WEATHER.

But you wouldn't know it if you were at CAROLINA BEACH. Come down and try it a while, and be sure to

Stop at the Kure House.

Rooms furnished or unfurnished. Board by the day, week or month. Good fare and every comfort for guests.
For rates, apply to
Mrs. Hans A. Kure.
jy 21 1m

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:03 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.24 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:08 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m., Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m., Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:20 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:00 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:20 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:30 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 2:50 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:25 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m., Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 5:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.20 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:50 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

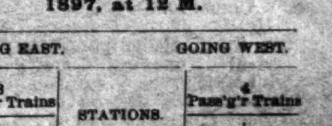
Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.
H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.09 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.
jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by
For sale by ROB'T R. BELLAMY,
feb 1 tf Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 20.

FLATTERING PROSPECTS FOR FALL TRADE.

Reports of Continued Activity in Distributive Trade South and West—Immense Business in Iron and Steel.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 19.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say: Perhaps the most interesting feature of the general business situation at present is the air of confidence with which the mercantile community awaits the approach of the Fall trade period. While, of course, based in some degree upon favorable results already achieved in many lines, it is unquestionably true that the flattering crop outlook at home and the return of peace, with the expectation of benefits to our export trade naturally expected to accrue therefrom, make for much of the feeling thus expressed. Reflection of the growth of Fall trade is found in the steady expansion now going on in bank clearings, the improving demand at higher prices for the most makes of iron and steel, the generally favorable earnings which, in default of a large movement of crops to market, point to a large return trade in manufactured goods to the agricultural sections, and the reports of continued activity in distributive trade, West and South, with signs of a moderate increase in interests at leading Eastern markets, which hitherto have not shared largely in the trade improvement. The immense business doing in iron and steel products, at advanced prices, calls attention to the proportionately less notable expansion of crude iron production. Pig iron statistics, in fact, point to an even smaller output for the current month, some of which curtailment, of course, is naturally based upon midsummer conditions. Advances in many grades of iron, notably Bessemer and Southern pig, are features of the week.

The situation in cereals shows but little change. The balance established between phenomenally reduced visible supplies, active milling demand at home and fair export inquiry on the one hand and the very promising crop outlook on the other, tends to steadiness in prices, and other cereals sympathize with wheat. Large supplies of raw cotton at home and abroad, and the prediction of a yield this year nearly equal to if not exceeding that grown a year ago, while naturally stimulating to business at the South, has a depressing effect upon the price of the raw staple and quotations are a fraction lower for the week and two cents a pound lower than a year ago at this time.

Reports as to collections the country over are very encouraging. From winter wheat sections especially, reports are very good. Some slowness is noted in payments at the Northwest, but this is expected to disappear when the spring wheat crop moves.

Business failures are larger in number than last week, aggregating 195, against 177 last week, but compared with 221 in this week a year ago, 264 in 1896, 192 in 1895 and 251 in 1894.

Buyers are appearing in increasing numbers at the leading Western markets.

Bad roads still restrict business at New Orleans, but a large Fall business is expected. At Memphis the outlook is for the heaviest business in the history of the city, but damage by cotton worms in Texas affects trade at Galveston. In the South Atlantic cities reports are of a perceptible improvement in trade. On the Pacific coast, while business is quiet in California, large crops in Oregon and Washington are expected to make Fall trade lively.

At the East more is doing at Baltimore. Southern buyers are increasing in number, and stocks are reported heavily reduced. Business is active at Pittsburg, iron and steel being especially so. At Boston and New York, moderate improvement is noted. The depressed condition of the raw staple tends to encourage future business in cotton goods, but print cloths are firm, and there is less talk of curtailing production at Fall River. In wool and woollen goods business is only moderate, and manufacturers buy for present requirements.

FROM PORTO RICO.

Arrival of the Hospital Ship Relief With Sick and Wounded—Many Typhoid Fever Cases.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The United States hospital ship Relief, has arrived here from Porto Rico with sick and wounded soldiers.

The Relief left Ponce on the 14th and Mayaguez on the 15th instant. She carried 248 sick and wounded soldiers from General Miles' camp. Ten deaths from typhoid fever occurred on the voyage. Nine of the victims were buried at sea. The body of Major Lawrence Smith, of Philadelphia, surgeon, United States volunteers, who died at sea August 15th, was brought here. Four deaths from typhoid fever occurred on the Relief while she was lying in Ponce harbor.

The total number of cases of typhoid fever on the Relief, including those who have died, was 167, and the number aboard of her when she arrived to-day was 153. The Relief also brought twenty wounded men, including three officers, the most of whom were shot the battle near Mayaguez on August 10.

Health officer of the port, Doty, boarded the Relief immediately on her arrival at quarantine and conferred with Major Torney, surgeon in charge, regarding the sick on board. Major Torney reported a total of 248 sick and convalescent. Of this number 154 were suffering from a severe type of typhoid fever. These patients will be transferred to New York and Brooklyn hospitals as soon as arrangements can be made to receive them.

Among the sick on board the Relief is Captain Arthur P. Lee, British military attache, who came on board at Ponce, August, 10th, suffering from intermittent malarial fever, now convalescent. Captain Lee is still on board the hospital ship. Major Smith, who died on August 17th of malignant typhoid fever, was only thirty-two years of age and a very able surgeon. He was a resident of Philadelphia and expected shortly to be married to a young Philadelphia lady.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

New York—New York, 2; Cleveland, 8.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 4; St. Louis, 3.

Boston — Cincinnati, postponed, rain.

Philadelpeia—Philadelphia, 2; Louisville, 3.

Washington—Washington, 3; Pittsburg, 7.

LARGE FLEET OF WARSHIPS.

All the Vessels in Southern Waters Will Assemble Soon at Fort Monroe.

TO AVOID FEVER INFECTION.

Authorities in Washington Awaiting Advices from Merritt as to Exact Terms on Which Manila Surrendered. The Military Commission.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—One of the largest fleets of warships ever assembled in an American port will be brought together in the next few days at Fort Monroe. Already fifty-five warships are under orders to rendezvous there, and the orders still to be issued will raise the total to the neighborhood of seventy. Naval officials say it is difficult to realize the extent of such a marine aggregation in one harbor. Those included in to-day's orders are the Newport, Rodgers, Lebanon, Wompatuck, Morriss, Gwin, Lancaster, Machias, Osceola, Peoria, Massaoit, Sioux, Cheyenne, Waban, Chickasaw, Helena, Detroit, and Yankton. These and the ships previously ordered are mainly small craft, although there are a number of large cruisers and gunboats, including the San Francisco, Helena, Detroit, Topeka, Marietta and Castine. The movement of these ships northward is due to the close of hostilities, and more particularly to the desire to get the ships away from points of possible fever infection. They will now be put in thorough repair, and their crews gradually will be changed from naval militiamen to sailors of the regular navy.

The Navy Department has not yet determined what ships will go to Havana, San Juan and other points in Cuba and Porto Rico. There is felt to be no hurry about this until the authority of the United States is fully established throughout the islands. In the mean time the matter of policing the shore points is being considered and in due time a number of the light draught auxiliary craft and some of the single-turreted monitors will be used for this coast patrol. It is found, however, that only four of the old monitors of the civil war are fit for this service in Southern waters.

As many naval vessels will be centred about the West Indies from this time forward, the Navy Department will send the new floating dock, recently bought in New York, down the coast to Pensacola, Fla., where it will be kept for docking the warships. At that point also there are good naval workshop to be used in conjunction with the floating dock. The dock is now being coppered, and will be towed to Pensacola as soon as the September gales are over.

Waiting Report from Merritt.

There were few developments of importance in the post-war situation today. The authorities are still waiting for General Merritt's report of the list of casualties, and the State, War and Navy Departments are interested in knowing the exact terms on which Manila was surrendered—whether the city alone, or if all the Philippines were included. It was stated by officials that nothing additional on this point had been received up to the close of office hours to-day. The efforts to restore the Manila cable continue, but they have not proved successful thus far. The claims made in Madrid that the protocol, and not the capitulation, controls the status of affairs in the Philippines, will not be discussed by the State Department officials. The Madrid discussion is looked upon as rather academic, as it is taken for granted that claims will be made on both sides, and that the Paris tribunal will be the final arbiter of the case.

Spain's Military Commission.

Neither the State Department nor the French embassy has received word that Spain has chosen her military commissions for Cuba and Porto Rico and some doubt is expressed as to the accuracy of the names given in the London press advices. The names given in these reports are those of Spanish generals and admirals now stationed in Cuba and Porto Rico, so that if the names are correct, no time will be lost in finding the commissioners together. The understanding here is that the sessions will begin at Havana and San Juan about the first week in September.

WILL NOT ATTEND.

President McKinley Declines Invitation to be Present at the Naval Review.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The following from President McKinley was received by Mayor Van Wyck to-day:

"Hon. Robert A. Van Wyck, New York City:

"The cordial invitation which you have extended on behalf of the citizens and officials of New York for the celebration on the 20th is deeply appreciated, and I sincerely regret that public duties will preclude an absence from Washington at that time. It would be a great pleasure to unite with the people in giving a home welcome to the officers and men of the American fleet who return with such signal honor for themselves and their country after a memorable campaign of blockade and battle, but some future day I hope to make a personal visit to the stations of the soldiers, sailors and marines, to show, if only in slight degree, my appreciation of their heroic services to the nation.

"I cannot be present on Saturday. I am glad to have an opportunity of expressing my hearty sympathy with New York's tribute to the fleet.

[Signed] "WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

SPANISH PRISONERS.

Departure of Over 2,000 from Santiago for Spain.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—The War Department has received the following cable dispatch giving information of the departure of Spanish prisoners:

"Santiago de Cuba, August 19, 1898.—Cabadonza sailed this morning with 2,148 men, 109 officers, forty-four women, forty-five children. Two others are loaded and probably will sail this afternoon.

(Signed) "SHAFTER,
"Major General."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NO MORE TROOPS FOR SANTIAGO.

Many Reforms and Improvements Already Under Way in the City.

DEATH RATE STILL HIGH.

Work of Cleaning the City and Disinfecting the Streets Progressing—Embarkation of Spanish Prisoners and U. S. Troops Continues

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 19.—A portion of the First regiment of infantry left this morning on the steamer D. H. Miller, This afternoon, five hundred of the District of Columbia troops sailed on the transport Hudson, five hundred of the Seventh infantry on the Yucatan and six companies of the Thirty-fourth Michigan on the transport Santiago. The troops are going forward as rapidly as possible. Owing to the increase in sickness there is much need of hospital ships. The number of the sick is large and there are not sufficient accommodations for them.

The embarkation of the Spanish troops continues. One thousand will leave on the Ville de Verdi to-night. Next week smaller transports will take the Spaniards at Guantanamo Bay.

No More Troops Needed.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—General Shafter has informed the War Department that after consulting with General Lawton commanding the Department of Santiago, it had been concluded that it will not be necessary to send any more troops to Santiago for the preservation of peace and good order. This statement is made with the understanding that the present military force will shortly be reinforced by the arrival of the Fifth regular infantry and Third Kansas volunteers.

Reforms and Improvements.

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SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 12.—The past week in Santiago de Cuba has been the furtherance of the reforms and improvements already under way. New complications have arisen which we are called upon to settle, and there has been a slow and steady increase in the death rate.

The question of Spanish and American money and their respective values continues to agitate the town and this will probably last until little of the Spanish money remains. Notwithstanding General Wood's announcement that Spanish gold would be deprived of its Cuban increase of six per cent. on its face value and that silver was at fifty per cent. discount, many have persisted in considering the centen, twenty-five francs, as worth $5.30 as formerly, and at no money-changers could one get ten dollars in silver for five dollars in gold. Nine dollars in silver was offered and this only on small amounts.

American Money.

It is being recognized that American money will be the money of the future in Cuba. One abuse that has been rectified was the exorbitant prices asked for food—$1 a pound for meat, $3 for a bag of charcoal that once sold for 80 cents, and a general continuation of blockade prices long after their justification had been removed. The prices given out are a great reduction from those prevailing hitherto, but even in the new arrangement there is ample opportunity for good profits—even to 50 per cent. in some instances.

The advent of an American trust company is considered rich in promise of future prosperity. "During four centuries of Spanish control," says *El Cubano*, "we have not had an agricultural bank; such an institution is absolutely indispensable in a country where agriculture is the source of all wealth. We have been in the hands of usurers who have robbed us on all sides. The operations of this bank which is to be the saviour of the land and which will help our farms and plantations to produce, as with the touch of a magic wand, will be in American money. What we have not obtained from Spain in four centuries has been given us by the United States in three weeks."

The cleaning of the city and the health of the people are matters receiving much attention. Probably the strongest odor Santiago ever knew—and Santiago has had an unusual experience in odors—is the new odor of disinfectants that are being scattered through the city. The street cleaning department has been hampered by lack of carts.

The Death Rate

continues very high, from fifty to sixty cases per day. There are nearly thirty thousand inhabitants, and this rate, if continued, would carry off half the population in a year. The situation is serious.

The natives think they are not being so well served by our Postoffice Department as they were under the old Spanish regime. In those day's lockboxes were used and there was a regular house-to-house delivery of letters. Now all that has been abolished, and the people say the American clerks are so busy attending to the American mail matter that they have no time to attend to any thing else. A complaint on the subject has been addressed to General Wood through one of the daily papers.

PRISONERS AND SPIES.

Disposition to be Made of Men Confined at Fort McPherson.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—Orders were issued by the War Department to-day for the disposition of the twenty Spanish prisoners and six alleged spies who have been confined for some time at Fort McPherson, Atlanta. The Spaniards will be sent to Portsmouth, N. H., where a greater number of the crews of Admiral Cervera's fleet are now detained. Five of the alleged spies, among whom is the man Mellor, who, it is said, was identified with the operations of Lieutenant Carranza, are to be given their freedom. The sixth, a man by the name of Kimhurst, said to be an American citizen, and who, it is charged, enlisted in the American army for the purpose of acting as a spy for the Spanish government, will be sent to his regiment for trial by court-martial.

CARLIST MOVEMENTS.

Another Armed Band Near Salamanca. Arrests in Barcelona.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 20.—A dispatch to the *Daily Mail* from Biarritz says that another armed band has appeared in the district of Ciudad Rodrigo, about fifty miles from Salamanca. The dispatch also says that more Carlist agents have been arrested at Barcelona.

THE MANILA CAPITULATION.

Spanish Government Holds That It Does Not Embrace All the Philippines.

PREMIER SAGASTA'S VIEWS.

Indications That the Peace Negotiations Will be Prolonged—Numerous and Complex Questions To Be Solved.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 19, 5 P. M.—The government has resolved to insist that the capitulation of Manila after the signing of the protocol shall have no effect in the peace negotiations unfavorable to Spain. In any event the government holds that the capitulation having been signed by the commander of the town, does not entail the surrender of the whole of the Philippines.

All the indications are that the peace negotiations will be prolonged. The opposition factions are redoubling the agitation for convoking the Cortes, and it is said that Senor Sagasta begins to hesitate, although he shares the opinion of Duke Almodovar Rio, the foreign minister, as to the inconvenience involved in a meeting of the Cortes and a series of debates during the peace negotiations.

It is possible that the Cortes will meet after the elections to the councils general about the middle of September.

— Sagasta's Views.

MADRID, August 19.—*El Liberal* publishes remarks made by Senor Sagasta on the diplomatic and political situation, quoting the premier as follows:

"From a legal point of view, the present state of things is neither peace nor war, but merely a suspension of hostilities. An armistice would have allowed us to dispel better the obscurity of the situation; but the United States declined to agree to our making a step further in advance.

The questions to be solved are numerous and complex. What we have done first is to lay down certain oases, on which each minister may make any observation which study of the subject suggests. These will continue to be treated in daily cabinet councils, it being held that the bases in question are fundamental instructions for the guidance of the various commissions in the forthcoming negotiations.

"In Cuba, beside evacuation, there are many other problems. Spain may abandon her sovereignty over the greater Antilles, but there will remain the question of edifices and all our properties. There are lawsuits before the tribunals affecting the interests of the Spaniards. Where and when will these be decided? In Havana, where a large number of criminals have been condemned by Spanish tribunals, what is to be done with them? Then there are other questions for which we have to fix a basis of discussion and agreement regarding the Philippines. Besides those and other problems of greater importance there is a preliminary question to be discussed.

"According to international law, a suspension of hostilities has been signed and the surrender of Manila ought to have no legal efficacy. How will that principle be understood by the United States? This causes us much anxiety and we give it great attention, but we are still awaiting the information demanded from General Jaundenes, which has not reached us, on account of the difficulties of communication between Manila and Hong Kong."

These remarks have all the appearance of being authentic, as they are in accord with information from other sources and in harmony with Senor Sagasta's usual style.

The public is still anxious for an explanation of Governor-General Augustin's mysterious departure from Manila, but its curiosity is not likely to be satisfied for some time, the government declining to say anything.

It is rumored that the governmet will instruct the Cuban commissioners to present a strong case for the recognition of Spanish claims for compensation for the cession of public works in Cuba, the compensation to take the form of saddling upon Cuba the bulk of the Cuban debt existing in 1895.

The papers advocate the strengthening of Ceuta and Andalusian ports in anticipation of Anglo-Russian eventualities.

BURIED AT RALEIGH.

Remains of the Late Mrs. Fentress of this City.

[*Raleigh News and Observer*]

Quite a company of friends gathered at the depot yesterday to meet the family of the late Mrs. M. J. Fentress and pay a last tribute of respect to her memory. The body was interred in the city cemetery by the side of her husband and son, Theodore, who died some years ago.

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. E. C. Glenn, pastor of Central Methodist Church. The pallbearers were Messrs. R. T. Gray, W. J. Young, Jesse A. Jones, Garland Jones, R. H. Bradley, W. H. Hughes and A. H. Green.

Mr. Herbert L. Fentress and Miss Blanche Fentress, of Wilmington; Mrs. Ford Taylor and son and Miss Margie Taylor; Mrs. Sam C. White, of Baltimore, and Mrs. E. M. Nadal and son, Mr. E. F. Nadal, of Wilson, children and grand-children of the deceased, came to attend the funeral. They left last night on the 1.40 train for Wilson.

WARM WIRELETS.

The members of the New York Cotton Exchange have voted to close their exchange to-day.

The Concho, with the remainder of General Grant's brigade on board—the Third Kentucky and 16th Indiana—arrived yesterday at Ponce, P. R.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,253,106,331; per cent. increase, 11.6. Exclusive of New York $470,515,110; per cent. increase, 7.9.

Volunteer troops now garrisoned at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., mutinied and marched out of the mess hall in regular order as a protest against the food furnished them. The matter is under investigation.

A cloud-burst up Sawmill Run, near Pittsburg, Pa., caused a flood in that stream and endangered the lives of a a dozen persons. Five children are missing and all are supposed to have been drowned.

Guard Charles M. Caste, of the Life-saving Station on Sullivan's Island, S. C., was drowned yesterday while attempting to save young Edward Schachte, who had ventured out beyond his depth. Schachte was saved by the other men from the station.

THE PHILIPPINES AND CUBA.

British Newspapers Argue in Favor of Annexation of the Islands by the United States.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The *Times* this morning says editorially that it foresees circumstances which may force the United States to a permanent occupation of Cuba, and adds:

"If America is prepared to undertake the responsibility of the government of the whole Philippine group it is hard to see how any other power could legitimately interfere. If the United States repudiates such responsibility, a very perilous state of things might ensue, because it would not be easy to dispute the right of other powers to terminate the state of anarchy. Therefore, many difficulties will be avoided by American annexation. In any case no European power need reckon upon finding the United States as easy to coerce as Japan."

The *Spectator*, in its issue this week, prophesies that America will retain all the Spanish possessions she has captured, and thinks that "pressure from the Cuban loyalists will force the commission to stipulate that Cuba shall be governed by the United States for twenty years."

The *Spectator* says: "America will find herself at the end of the year in possession of the beginning of an oversea tropical empire. Long may she rule it in the interests of humanity and justice. While it is so ruled Englishmen will never envy her possessions nor their expansion into a domain as great as our own."

SENATOR BACON'S VIEWS.

Does Not Believe in the Retention of the Philippines—Have Problems Enough in Cuba and Porto Rico.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—Senator Bacon, of Georgia, was in Washington to-day and called on the President and was afterwards at the War Department. He was looking after the interest of Georgia troops, some of whom desired to be moved to different stations. He says the Georgia boys do not waut to be mustered out and prefer to go to Cuba.

Senator Bacon does not believe in the retention of the Philippines but says the United States ought to hold a good size "resting place" not only a coaling station but enough territory to meet all needs in the future. He does not think the United States ought to assume the management of a vast population which it will be difficult to govern and to acquire islands which it would be impossible to defend.

Senator Bacon says that in Cuba and Porto Rico we have problems enough now, but thinks that they will work out in a satisfactory manner. He thinks it unfortunate that the Cubans come under our direct view at the worst possible time for them. Eighteen months ago he thinks they would have made a very much better appearance, for since that time they have undergone great hardships and been unable to procure either food or clothing, hence the condition in which they were found by our troops at Santiago.

Senator Bacon believes that when the insurgents fully understand the purposes and beneficent effects of United States intervention all difficulties will be adjusted.

COALING HER STATIONS.

The Pocahontas Company Has an Unlimited Contract with British Government—Work Just Commenced.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, August 19.—There has been shipped from Norfolk, in British bottoms, seventeen cargoes of Pocahontas steam coal, aggregating 70,123 tons. These have gone to eleven different coaling stations belonging to England, and it has been believed that England was stocking such stations in event of possible war. To-day it leaked out that this view is undoubtedly correct, as the Pocahontas Coal Company is asserted by one of its employes to have practically admitted that an unlimited contract from the British government for coaling her stations all over the world had been secured, and the work has just fairly commenced.

The stations to which cargoes have thus far been sent are Montevideo, in Uraguay; St. Michaels in the Azores; Kingston, Ja.; Singapore, India; Cape town, Africa; St. Vincent and Porto Praya, Cape de Verdes; St. Lucia, B. W. I.; Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic; St. Paul de Loanda, Africa, and London. One vessel alone, the Indra, carried 9,150 tons to Singapore. The discovery has caused a sensation.

TWENTY-FIVE ROUNDS.

Owen Zeigler Beaten in a Fight With Kid McPartland.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 19.—"Kid" McPartland, of this city, and Owen Zeigler, of Philadelphia, fought twenty-five rounds to-night before the Atlantic Club, and Charley White, the referee, decided in favor of McPartland, who with the exception of the last two rounds, had the better of the bout. McPartland surprised many of those who watched the fight by using his right hand effectively while his left was continually playing havoc with Ziegler's face. Ziegler fought desperately in the last two rounds and had the better of the New Yorker in the work accomplished, but this was not enough to counter-balance the lead which "the Kid" had gained previously. Both men stripped in the best of condition.

MARION BUTLER.

The Populist Leader's Surrender to the Middle-of-the-Road Faction.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOUSTON TEX., August 19.—In a speech at the big Populist encampment at Greenville to-day Senator Marion Butler of North Carolina, national chairman of the Populist Party, surrendered to the middle-of-the-roaders or anti-fusionists. He declared that as national chairman he would promise that there would be no trades or combines with either of the old parties before the next National Convention, that he would call the convention at least a month before the Democratic or Republican conventions convened, and thus prevent any opportunity of fusion.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

A FILIPINO'S MANIFESTO.

Friendly to Spain He Afterwards Renounced Allegiance and Denounced the Spaniards for Cowardice.

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MANILA, June 24.—Felipe Buencamino is a Filipino who was friendly to Spain and formed the compromise arrangement whereby the Spaniards hoped to conciliate the rebel leaders without sacrificing too much. He was sent to Aguinaldo's camp by Captain General Augustin with the object of securing Aguinaldo's adherence to the Spanish cause. He was arrested by the dictator's orders and held a prisoner. Three weeks afterward he issued a manifesto, renouncing his allegiance to Spain. Accompanying the manifesto was a letter from Buencamino to Captain General Augustin, setting forth the reasons for going over to the insurgents. Much of the letter refers to events of no special importance at this distance from the theatre of action, being devoted mainly to a review of the opening of hostilities between the Spanish and the natives and to telling General Augustin that he had come to the Philippines too late to heal the breach created by his predecessors policy of bad faith and bribery and advocation of the domination of the friars. After pointing out the hopelessness of Augustin's position in Manila, Buencamino, addressing the Filipinos, summed up the situation at the time of writing as follows:

"Having relied on the valor and worth of the Spaniards, and on their history and vaunted superiority of race, I offered my life and the lives of a thousand other Filipinos as volunteers to defend Spain against her foes; but in view of their miserable exhibition of cowardice and stupidity, ending in their capture by the rebels without resisting as they ought, and always making my volunteers take the brunt of the fighting, I am convinced that the Spaniards are not brave, are not our superiors, and are altogether incapable of upholding their sovereignty in the Philippines. From the moment this was clear they have forfeited the right to rule us and my duty of loyalty to them ceases at the same time.

"I, therefore, join the rebels and work energetically for our independence, which I perceive to be clearly sanctioned by God, the Eternal Judge of all great disputes between human nations. In fact, God, in his inscrutible wisdom, decreed that in the sixteenth century fifty Spanish soldiers and one friar should conquer these islands, and to-day, after more that 350 years of domination, God decrees that an humble individual, almost unknown, named Don Emilio Aguinaldo, is to carry out the mightiest rebellion ever known in the Far East."

GUATEMALA'S REVOLUTION.

Collapse of the Uprising With the Death of General Moral, the Revolutionist Leader.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The State Department to-day received a cable dispatch from Minister Hunter at Gautemala, telling of the dramatic death of Gen. Morales, leader of the Guatemala revolution, and the collapse of that uprising. The dispatch is as follows:

Gautemala, Aug. 18.—Ocos was occupied on the 10th by the government forces and 900 sacks of coffee and other valuable property of foreigners saved from destruction. This occupation was aided without force by Captain Fegan of the British gunboat Leander, acting under request of British, German and United States ministers. Morales retreated before national troops to Cuchumatanes mountains, where he was surrounded and captured yesterday in a cave where he had been hiding for several days, without food and ill from hunger, fatigue and exposure. Commanding general ordered him removed to San Marcos. Medical aid was summoned, but he died on the way, at San Sebastian, last night at 11 o'clock. This is the end of the revolution.

(Signed) HUNTER.

SPANISH COMMISSIONERS.

Some Appointments Decided Upon by the Cabinet Councils.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 19, 10 P. M.—The cabinet council to-night decided to appoint General Gonzales Parrado, second in command in Cuba; Rear Admiral Luis Pastor Landero, who succeeded Admiral Navarro, the Spanish commander in Cuban waters, and Marquis de Montoro, Minister of Finance in the Insular cabinet, as the commission of evacuation for Cuba.

The Port Rican commission has not yet been appointed, the government awaiting an expression of the views of Governor General Macias; but it has been decided that Admiral Vallarine shall be one of the commissioners.

The peace comissioners have not been nominated, but it is believed the composition of the commission has been decided upon, though the names of its members will not be published yet, as the government is resolved to take advantage of the delay granted by the protocol in order to avoid a cabinet crisis.

RELIEVED OF COMMAND.

Major Generals Wade and Butler, Now Members of the Peace Commission.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—Major General Wade, formerly in command of the Third army corps at Chickamauga and Major-General M. C. Butler in command of a division of the Second army corps at Falls Church, were to-day relieved of their present duties, in order to enable them to enter upon the discharge of their important duties as members of the commission charged with the execution of the provisions of the peace protocol regarding the evacuation of Cuba by the Spanish troops.

A similar order was also issued today in the case of Brigadier General Wm. W. Gordon, commanding a division of the Fourth army corps, who has been appointed a member of a similar commission in the case of Porto Rico.

No one has yet been selected to succeed these officers in their present commands, and it is not likely that any action in that direction will be taken for some time.

The New York Produce Exchange members voted to meet at 10 o'clock this morning and adjourn for to-day.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

Remember, we have the largest stock of WALL PAPER in the State, all the LATEST STYLES, with suitable BORDERS TO MATCH.

Window Shades.

We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

C. W. YATES & CO.,
Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

jy 17 tf

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and work ing for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$543,385 82	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	167 97	Surplus	$70,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,953 25— 79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$100,264 32	Total Deposits	561,976 40
Cash on hand	99,741 94—200,006 26		
Total	$802,929 65	Total	$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '96.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98.
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	None.	None.	None.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 38 tf

NEGRO SOLDIER KILLED.

He Assaulted a White Man With Bayonet at Hampton, Ga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MACON, GA., August 19.—A special to the *Telegraph* from Hampton, Ga., says:

Jim Neeley, a negro private in the Twenty-fifth infantry was shot and killed at Hampton, Ga., last night. He was refused permission to drink at a soda fountain and became abusive. When remonstrated with for swearing in the presence of ladies, he assaulted Mr. Will Henderson with his dagger-bayonet. Henderson, drew a pistol, but it was knocked from his hand and secured by the negro who began shooting. A number of citizens joined in the fusilade and Neeley received wounds from which he died.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

$5.00 Reward for return of Pointer Dog, Liver and white. No questions asked. W. H. McEachern, 211 Market street. au 20 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 93, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

For Rent—Eight-room house with two-story kitchen adjoining. Third, between Chestnut and Mulberry streets. Water and sewer connections. Possession October 1st, 1898. Apply to James Knight. au 19 1w

For Rent—Cottage on Sixth street between Market and Princess. Six rooms, with Bath and Cistern. Possession October 1, 1898. W. P. Toon. au 18 tf

For Sale—My residence, 215 Walnut street. Modern conveniences. Price reasonable. Terms easy. John D. Taylor. au 17 1w

Eggs, Chickens, Peaches and Apples, Irish Potatoes, &c., at R. B. Moore's, the wide awake Produce Commission Merchant, 126 Princess street. au 17 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Country Produce Shippers take notice. It will pay you to ship your Produce to H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street. All goods given careful attention and prompt returns made. au 14 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 314 Campbell street. au 14 tf

For Rent—My House, 307 Harnett street, furnished or unfurnished. Possession given October 1st. Good cistern and stable on premises. Mrs. W. E. Mayo. au 14 1w

For Rent—Two five-room Cottages on Carolina Beach, and one five-room Cottage on Ocean View Beach. Apply to D. O'Connor, real estate agent. au 14 3t

For Rent—The well known Currie Stables, corner of Second and Princess streets. Room for fifty horses. Apply to D. O'Connor. au 14 3t

Butter, Butter, Butter, from 10 cents per pound up. Also, Irish Potatoes and North Carolina Hams in abundance. See me before buying. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. an 10 tf

Photographs and Frames—Finest kind of Photographs. Beautiful new Frames to suit any Picture. Lovely Easels. Enlarging a specialty. Lowest prices in city. Satisfaction guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 3 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. B. Register, 105 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 35 tf

To Country Merchants and Farmers—Ship your beef cattle and mutton and all country produce to M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Best prices and prompt returns. jy 13 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. B. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

110 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 2 1m R. R. Love & Bro.

LIVERPOOL SALT.

600 Bags 100 Salt.
300 Bags 125 Salt.
200 Bags 180 Salt.
700 Bags 200 Salt.
100 Bags Table Salt.
25 Barrels Pocket Salt.
25 Barrels XXX Vinegar.
550 Barrels Flour.
900 Bags Flour.

W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
au 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid. GEO. R. FRENCH, President.

R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 28 tf

WE HAVE

Not Made Peace.

On the contrary we are still waging

A Bitter Warfare

against high prices on

Hardware and House Furnishings.

* * Come what will, the fight is
* * going to be kept up as long
* * as we stay in the business,
* * and this means that the
* * PLACE TO BUY anything
* * in the

HARDWARE LINE

at Rock Bottom Prices is at

J. W. Murchison's,
au 16 tf ORTON BUILDING.

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